







# FlyBase: A Valuable Source of Molecular Interaction Data

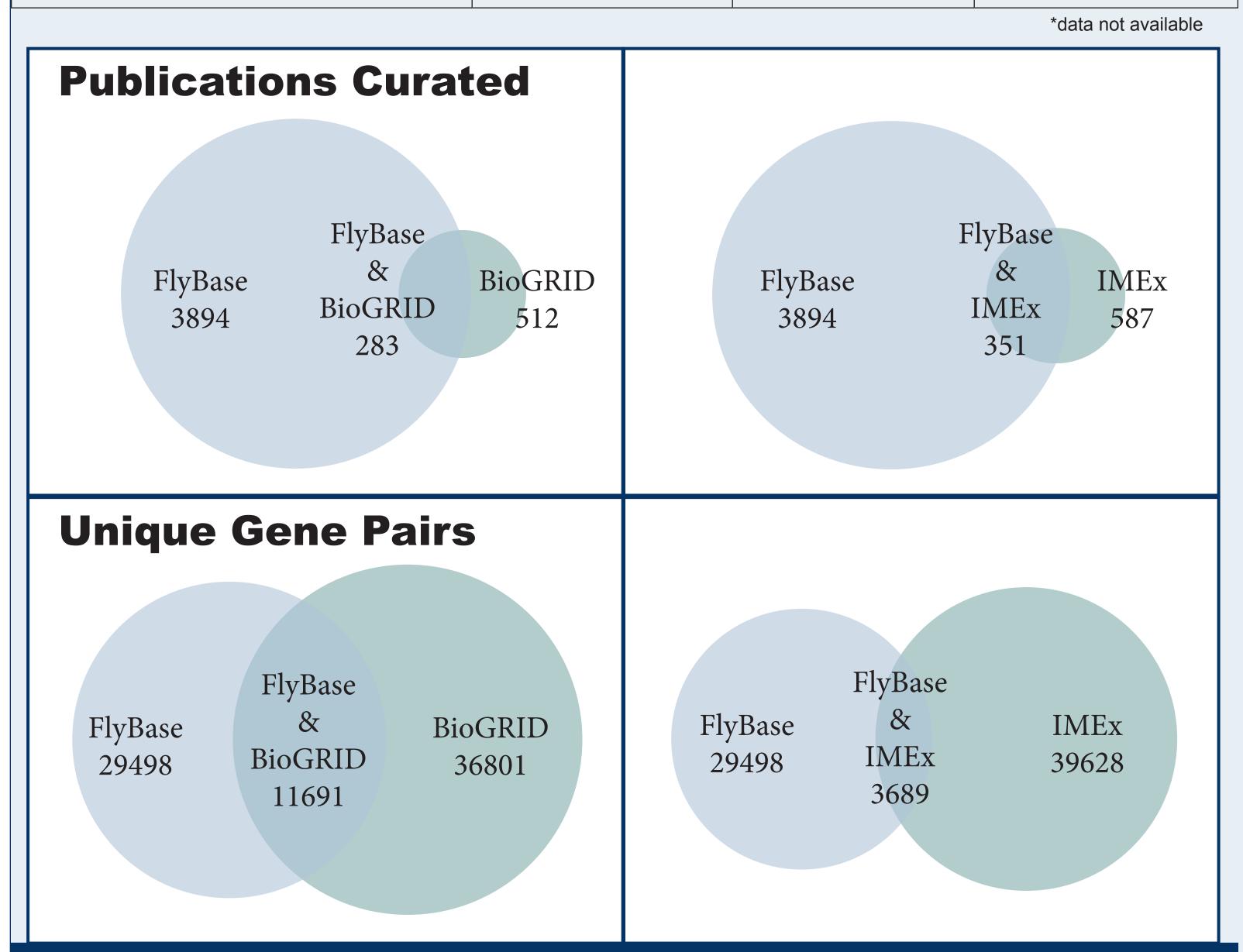
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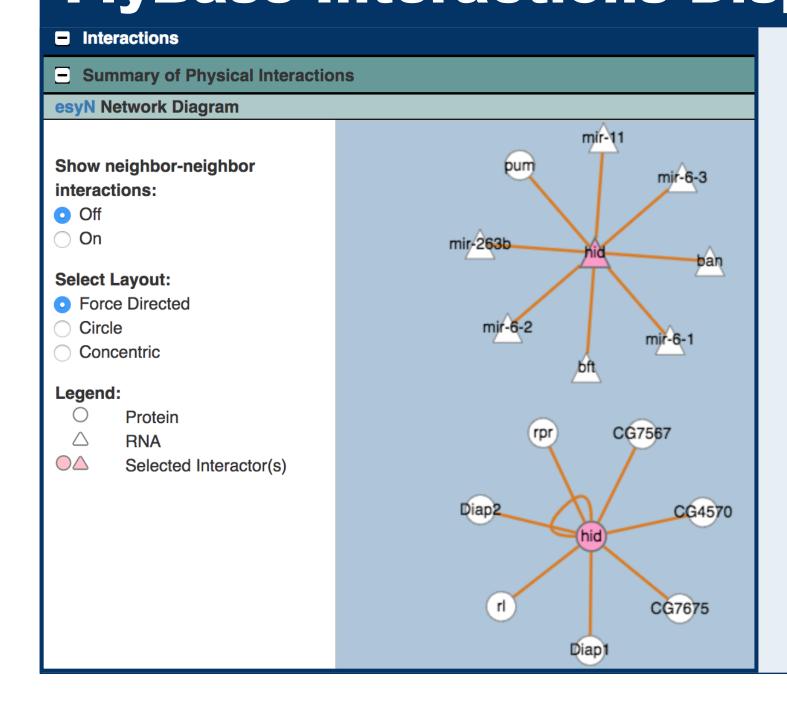
#### Abstract

The knowledge of a molecule's binding partners can provide insights into that molecule's function and/or its involvement in a particular biological process. FlyBase curation of molecular interactions is primarily focused on capturing protein-protein, RNA-protein and miRNA-mRNA interactions from low-throughput studies, in which interactions are typically supported by multiple independent forms of evidence. By concentrating on low-throughput studies of *Drosophila* gene products, the FlyBase molecular interactions dataset complements that of interaction databases and consortia that tend to focus on high-throughput studies.

Drosophila Dataset Comparison			
	FlyBase	IMEx	BioGRID
total interaction experiments	43,593	50,234	38,900
interspecies	38	508	208
protein-protein	40,900	50,102	na*
protein-RNA	2085	8	na*
RNA-RNA	608	0	na*
protein-DNA	0	104	na*
protein-small molecule	0	18	na*
publications	3894	587	512
unique gene pairs	29498	39628	36801



### FlyBase Interactions Display



FlyBase curated interaction data can be viewed in the "Interactions" section of every FlyBase gene page. The data is summarized as a network diagram where circles represent protein interactors and triangles represent RNA making it possible to distinguish protein-protein, protein-RNA and RNA-RNA interactions at a glance. Network diagrams are generated by EsyN (http:// www.esyn.org).

# FlyBase Interactions Display

Interacting group	Assay	References
hid - ban	immunohistochemistry, luminiscence	(Shen et al., 2015, Kertesz et al.,
	technology, fluorescence technology,	2007, Leaman et al., 2005, Robins
	necessary binding region	et al., 2005, Brennecke et al., 2003)
hid - bft	quantitative reverse transcription pcr,	(Hilgers et al., 2010)
	luminiscence technology, necessary binding	
	region	
hid - mir-11	quantitative reverse transcription pcr,	(Truscott et al., 2011)
	luminiscence technology	
hid - mir-263b	luminiscence technology, necessary binding	(Hilgers et al., 2010)
	region	
hid - mir-6-1	fluorescence technology, luminiscence	(Leaman et al., 2005)
111 1 0 6	technology	
hid - mir-6-2	luminiscence technology, fluorescence	(Leaman et al., 2005)
	technology	
hid - mir-6-3	fluorescence technology, luminiscence	(Leaman et al., 2005)
DNA systein	technology	
RNA-protein	Access	Defevence
Interacting group	Assay	References
hid - pum	electrophoretic mobility shift assay,	(Bhogal et al., 2016)
nvetein nvetein	autoradiography	
protein-protein	Access	References
Interacting group	Assay	
hid	cross-linking study, molecular weight	(Sandu et al., 2010)
hid CC4570	estimation by staining	(Hu at al. 2017 6 12)
hid - CG4570	two hybrid	(Hu et al., 2017.6.13)
hid - CG7567	two hybrid	(Hu et al., 2017.6.13)
hid - CG7675	two hybrid	(Hu et al., 2017.6.13)
hid - Diap1	pull down, anti tag western blot, anti tag	(Morishita et al., 2013, Sandu et al.,
	coimmunoprecipitation, molecular weight	2010, Leulier et al., 2006, Ryoo et
	estimation by staining, autoradiography,	al., 2002)
	western blot, far western blotting,	
	colocalization, fluorescence microscopy,	
	inferred by author	

FlyBase also presents interaction data in tabular form where individual interaction experiments are condensed into unique gene pairs, or interacting groups. For each gene pair, assays used to detect interactions and references are listed.

Clicking on a particular interacting group or gene pair opens a new page with more detailed information. The interacting group page displays a network diagram that includes products of both genes and common interactors are highlighted in purple.

Interacting Genes Diap1, hid FBig0000100632 Diap1 network yN Network Diagram Show neighbor-neighbor interactions: Off Force Directed Circle Concentric Legend: Selected Interactor(s)

+ FBrf0149132-2.PD.A Reference Ryoo et al., 2002 physical association **Description** pull down autoradiography Collection Source/Stage Cell line used Role Corresponds to Note Reported as GST tag bait [35]S label prey **Note** Coordinates aa 1-37 binding region **Corresponds to** Note Role (Ryoo et al., 2002)

The interacting group page further presents details for each experiment showing an interaction involving products of the given gene pair. Details include the sources of the molecules, their bait or prey roles, portions of the molecules that are necessary or sufficient for the interaction or mutations that affect the interaction.

### **External Data**

Reported Interactions

BioGRID - A database of protein and genetic interactions InterologFinder - Protein-protein interactions (PPI) from both known and predicted PPI MIST (genetic) - An integrated Molecular Interaction Database MIST (protein-protein) - An integrated Molecular Interaction Database Dmel\hid Symbol head involution defective **Feature Type** protein\_coding\_gene **Gene Model Status** In progress. Contributions welcome. **Gene Snapshot** Other Summaries Gene Group **Auto summary Also Known As** W, I(3)05014 Physical Interaction table TSV **Key Links** ALLIANCE of GENOME RESOURCES NCBI Gene

FlyBase shares the interaction data it curates with other databases likes BioGRID, MIST, DroID and the Alliance of Genome Resources. Linkouts to these databases from FlyBase allow users to quickly explore large and diverse datasets.

The complete corpus of FlyBase interaction data is available for download under the 'Downloads' menu.

MITAB TSV

physical\_interactions\_fb\_2019\_01.tsv.gz,

physical\_interactions\_mitab\_fb\_2019\_01.tsv.gz

## Conclusion

FlyBase curates interaction data that complements that captured by other databases making FlyBase a valuable source of Drosophila interaction data.

(Ryoo et al., 2002)